

**Amendments to the Specification:**

Please replace the paragraph at page 1, lines 2-5 with the following rewritten paragraph:

This is a Continuation of Application No. 09/976,142 filed October 15, 2001, subsequently issued as U.S. Patent No. 6,760,097, which claims priority from JP 2000-318541 filed October 18, 2000 and JP 2001-280670 filed September 14, 2001. The entire disclosure of the prior applications is hereby incorporated by reference herein in their entireties.

Please replace the paragraph at page 16, lines 5-14 with the following rewritten paragraph:

The light source 410 of Fig. 6 has a source-lamp ~~410~~ lamp 412 and a paraboloid reflector 414. The paraboloid reflector 414 has a concave surface of rotary paraboloid shape. The light source lamp 412 is disposed around a focus position of the rotary paraboloid concave surface. According to the arrangement, the light irradiated from the light source lamp 412 and reflected by the paraboloid reflector 414 is irradiated from the light source 410 in an approximate parallel light beam. Incidentally, metal halide lamp and high-pressure mercury lamp etc. are used for the light source lamp 412. Glass-ceramic-made rotary paraboloid having concave surface coated with a reflective film such as dielectric multi-layered film and metal film is used as the paraboloid reflector 414.

Please replace the paragraph at page 26, lines 19-24 with the following rewritten paragraph:

The six-axis adjuster controller 715 outputs a control signal to the six-axis adjuster 460 to adjust the position of the check sheet-~~550~~ 450 when the projected image is out of focus, where the image taken by the adjusting CCD cameras 620a to 620d is checked by pattern-matching to find a test pattern formed on the check sheet-~~550~~ 450. Using a specific index value (edge intensity) of the test pattern of the pictured image data, whether the image is on focus or not is determined and focus condition can be examined.